

1 History

1.1 Description

Since `mod_perl`'s inception in 1996, many things have changed, and it's interesting to look at `mod_perl`'s evolution and related events during the time from then to now.

Based on the `mod_perl Changes` file and talks with `mod_perl` developer's, we have here reconstructed the important steps in the development of this successful Open Source project.

1.2 Beginnings

The first version of `mod_perl` was written by Gisle Aas and released on March 25, 1996. The effort was instantly recognized by Doug MacEachern and Andreas Koenig; the former had been working on Perl embedding. They picked up the torch and brought the project we all love to what it has become today, thanks to the help of countless contributors.

An extract from *Changes* (the first one):

```
=item March 25, 1996

Initial version of mod_perl.c and perl_glue.xs
by Gisle Aas <aas (at) oslonett.no>
Thanks for getting this started Gisle!
```

Andreas Koenig tells us about how things happened:

"It was a time when FastCGI was still considered cool. But making FastCGI work required a patched perl, since tied file handles were still in their infancy.

"PHP was also around already, and was an embarrassing witness to Perl's greatest weakness for server-side programming: that embedding Perl was a pain. Although the hooks were there for embedding Perl, they were both undocumented and buggy.

"Doug MacEachern first got involved by addressing these problems. He wrote documentation for embedding Perl (the `perl_embedded` manpage) and fixed a couple of bugs. Then one day, Gisle Aas posted on `perl5-porters` that he had built Apache with an embedded Perl interpreter as a proof-of-concept. However, Gisle lacked the time for further work.

"That announcement was like a lightning bolt for at least two guys: Doug and me. While Doug shuffled the C code, I wrote the first working *Makefile.PL*, or at least I smoothed the build process to reduce the error rate resulting from silly mistakes during installation. Doug was working on HP-UX and I was using IRIX, so Doug wrote `ExtUtils::Embed` to generate the command line arguments for `gcc` that tie things together for embedded applications.

"Early versions of `mod_perl` needed to be recompiled to add a single CGI application. To get over that, I invented something without a name that mapped filenames to perl package names. When Doug received it, he called it `Apache::Registry`, as noted in *Changes*:

```
=item release 0.75a1 - July 21, 1996
```

```
added Apache::Registry module contributed by
Andreas Koenig <andreas.koenig (at) franz.ww.tu-berlin.de>
```

"From that moment in July 1996, we could count on a number of interested developers on the mailing list to test the nascent `mod_perl`. The *Changes* file mentions a few of them: Salvador Ortiz, Alan Beale, and John Detloff. Rob Hartill of IMDB fame joined us in July. (See contributors for more information.)

In August 1996, time was ripe to let a production server run `mod_perl`, and PAUSE (the Perl Authors Upload Server) was the first such server. We still had to use `$r->print`, and couldn't "use CGI", but we could add and remove scripts without recompiling and we were happy. Being unable to use the popular `CGI.pm` module turned out to be a pain for us, so I wrote a complete `CGI.pm` clone, `CGI::XA` and hoped that Lincoln would pick up the ball once there was a working alternative implementation. Eventually, Lincoln (with the encouragement of Mike Stok) made `CGI.pm` compatible with `mod_perl` starting with `CGI.pm` 2.32, and in March 1997, `CGI::XA` was removed from the `mod_perl` distribution. This was one of the most important entries into the *Changes* file:

```
=item 0.95 - 03/20/97
```

```
*****
*** CGI-XA/* removed from distribution ***
CGI.pm-2.32 is now mod_perl compatible, and
now ships with CGI::Switch and CGI::Apache.
*****
```

Can you feel the relief it was for Doug to write that? I think this was the greatest day of the whole development. One year of very tough work got the reward it deserved.

After that, `mod_perl` started to get attention from an increasing number of users. Doug worked like mad on fixing bugs and inventing one thing after another, just as he still does today. Things started flowing and people sent in patches, so Doug got the impression that the bazaar model was beginning to work. (From Eric Raymond's essay "The Cathedral and the Bazaar," the unofficial manifesto of the Open Source movement.)

I remember one day Doug got a confidential message from a Sun employee. They had made an investigation on "where the web is heading", and they had come to the conclusion that "`mod_perl` will have an impact on the whole Web".

1.3 Up to 1.0

The first public release after Gisle's proof-of-concept happened on May 1, 1996: release 0.50a1 of `mod_perl`, with a long list of changes.

In 0.50a2, an alternative implementation was provided, `mod_perl_fast`, which became the standard in 0.83_10.

1.4 1.x development

Another probably important change was the possibility of using `print` instead of `$r->print`, greatly facilitating output generation:

```
=item release 0.80 - September 06, 1996  
[...]
```

```
we now take advantage of Perl's new IO abstraction so STDIN and  
STDOUT are hooked up to the client.  
Thanks to Sven Verdoolaege <skimo@breughel.ufsia.ac.be> for the  
initial patch
```

With 0.85 came the start of the test suite!

```
=item 0.85  
  
added the start of a mod_perl test suite
```

Another interesting feature was added just before 1.0: stacked handlers!

```
=item 0.95_02  
  
introduced experimental "stacked handlers" mechanism, allowing more  
than one Perl*Handler to be defined and run during each stage of the  
request.  
  
Perl*Handler directives can now define any number of subroutines, e.g.  
  
PerlTransHandler OneTrans TwoTrans RedTrans BlueTrans  
  
with a new method, Apache->push_handlers can add to the stack by  
scripts at runtime
```

And just after that, our beloved <Perl> sections!

```
=item 0.95_03  
[...]  
  
added <Perl> config section (see httpd.conf.pl)  
(needs 'perl Makefile.PL PERL_SECTIONS=1')
```

Finally, more than one year after Doug's original 0.50a1, 1.0 was released on July 28 1997:

```
=item 1.00 - 07/28/97
```

It primarily began adapting to the 1.3 series of Apache.

1.4 1.x development

1.4.1 Core

During 1.x development, there has generally been many bugfixes and adaptations to Apache and Perl versions, striving to remain compatible. Some parts stand out as pretty important.

In v1.12, the important APACI-support was added thanks to Ralf S. Engelschall:

```
=item 1.12 - June 14, 1998
```

```
added new (but still optional!) Apache 1.3 support via the new Apache
Autoconf-style Interface (APACI): The option USE_APACI=1 triggers a new
build-environment (from local apaci/) for the APACHE_SRC/src/modules/perl/
which provides a clean way (i.e. without patching anything inside APACHE_SRC,
not even the Configuration file) of configuring mod_perl via a
APACHE_SRC/src/modules/perl/mod_perl.config file. The complete configuration
is enabled by just using the APACI command "configure
--activate-module=src/modules/perl/libperl.a"
[Ralf S. Engelschall <rse@engelschall.com>]
```

And with new versions of Perl come new fixes to mod_perl of course.

```
=item 1.22 - March 22, 2000
```

```
compile fixes for 5.6 + -Duse5005threads
[Lincoln Stein <lstein@cshl.org>]
```

But the most important happenings weren't the bugfixes in the mod_perl core, but all that happened around it. The usage statistics show an incredible boom in mod_perl deployment, which has been accompanied by the release of very interesting applications and frameworks for mod_perl.

1.4.2 Related events

Maybe even more interesting are the things happening around mod_perl, mainly concerning Perl and Apache. The reason is that this impacts as much on mod_perl users as the changes to mod_perl itself; for example, a bug fix in Perl will help a lot to someone writing Perl handlers, and a security fix in Apache is of immense benefit to *anyone* running an Apache server.

Writing Apache Modules with Perl and C (<http://www.modperl.com/>), by Lincoln Stein and Doug MacEachern, for a long time considered the best resource for mod_perl programmers, was published in March 1999 by O'Reilly & Associates. While not the only book on the subject, it is still a must-have for any serious mod_perl programmer.

At ApacheCon in Orlando in 1999, mod_perl officially became an Apache Software Foundation project, and Ask Bjørn Hansen, Eric Cholet and Stas Bekman were voted in as ASF members in addition to Doug MacEachern. Together they formed the mod_perl PMC (Project Management Committee) which is a group of committers to mod_perl who take responsibility for the long-term direction of the project).

In March 2000, Perl 5.6.0 was released, bringing many new features to Perl and mod_perl programmers the world over.

1.5 The arrival of 2.0

In October 2000, Take23 (<http://www.take23.org/>) was created as an alternative site for mod_perl, because of the back-and-forth discussions about re-designing the *perl.apache.org* site weren't going anywhere at that time. It collected news and articles about mod_perl and also related issues such as other interesting Apache modules.

Also in October 2000, Geoffrey Young got the idea to begin a mod_perl mailing list digest (see <http://marc.theaimsgroup.com/?l=apache-modperl-dev&m=97051473628623&w=2> and <http://marc.theaimsgroup.com/?l=apache-modperl&m=97059662005378&w=2>), which he kept up regularly (weekly, then biweekly) up until late 2001, when James G. Smith took over and has been running it since then.

The *mod_perl Pocket Reference* (<http://www.oreilly.com/catalog/modperlpr/>), by Andrew Ford, was published by O'Reilly and Associates in December 2000. It summarizes the whole mod_perl API as well as configuration directives and some other tips in an easy-to-use format.

In January 2002, the *mod_perl Developer's Cookbook* (<http://www.modperlcookbook.org/>), authored by Geoffrey Young, Paul Lindner and Randy Kobes, was published by Sams Publishing. It presents the mod_perl API by example, teaching a programmer all the facets of mod_perl installation, programming and configuration, and is a valuable resource to everyone.

META:

- mailing list creations
- beginnings of new site
- conferences w/ mod_perl present
- when Doug and Stas funded? Stas: August 2001; end 2002

1.5 The arrival of 2.0

...

1.6 Future directions for mod_perl

mod_perl has clearly shown its strength as an Open Source project and application development platform. mod_perl 2.0 has been a jump forward, but with the arrival of Perl 6 we might expect another new version of mod_perl. If the developers are still interested, that is. There has been started development on mod_parrot (http://cvs.perl.org/cvsweb/mod_parrot/), but Perl 6 is far from ready, so we don't really know what will be needed. The future hold great things for us.

I will quote Stas Bekman's commentary in the contributors list:

"He is now thinking about mod_perl 3.0's architecture, hopefully to be implemented solely with AND and OR gates, driven by the Perl 6.0 chipset for the best performance. Don't be surprised when you get offered a shiny Bluetooth mod_perl 3.0 PCI card when you shop for your new server machine."

Who knows?

1.7 See Also

- CPAST: Comprehensive Perl Arcana Society Tapestry, <http://history.perl.org/>
- About the Apache HTTP Server Project, http://httpd.apache.org/ABOUT_APACHE.html
- The *perlhst* manpage, containing records of all perl versions, and the *perl*delta* manpages relating changes in the respective versions.

1.8 Maintainers

The maintainer is the person you should contact with updates, corrections and patches.

- Per Einar Ellefsen <pereinar (at) oslo.online.no>

1.9 Authors

- Per Einar Ellefsen <pereinar (at) oslo.online.no>

Only the major authors are listed above. For contributors see the Changes file.

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